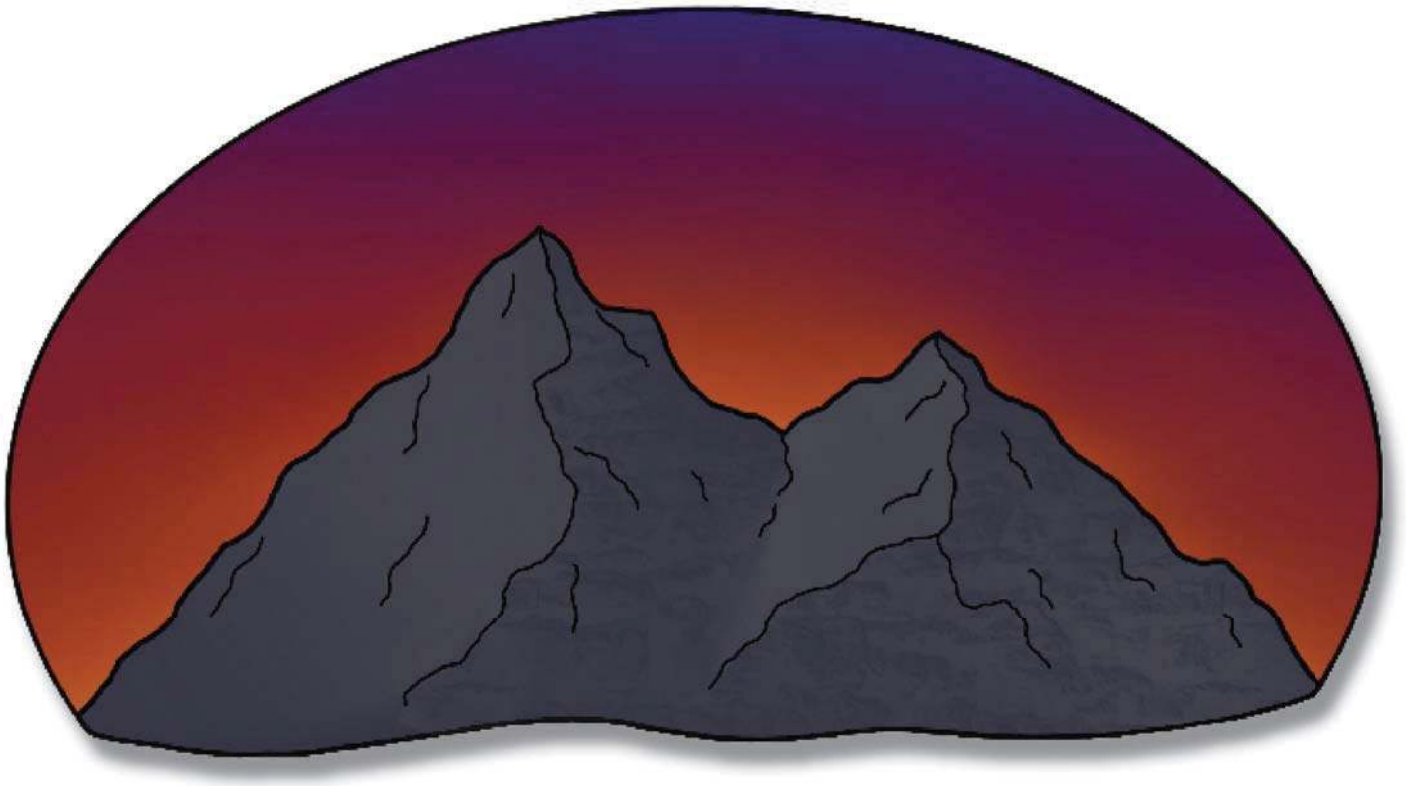
THE MISSIONARY BAPTIST VACATION BIBLE SCHOOL LITERATURE COMMITTEE PRESENTS

TELL IT FROM THE MOUNTAINS



AGES 7-9

THE MISSIONARY BAPTIST VACATION BIBLE SCHOOL
LITERATURE COMMITTEE PRESENTS

TELL IT FROM THE MOUNTAINS

For Grades 2-4 or Ages 7-9
ALL LESSONS WRITTEN BY SISTER SHIRLEY PRICE AND SISTER CARLETTA PRICE

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Lesson One: MOUNT ARARAT

Written By: Sister Shirley Price and Sister Carletta Price

BACKGROUND: Genesis 7:11-8:14

LESSON TEXT: Genesis 8:15 - 9:1

DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION:

The flood had ended and the Ark now rested on Mount Ararat, located in what is known as modern day Turkey. Ararat was a twin peaked mountain range, rising to a height of 17,000 ft. above sea level. It was almost an equal distance from the Persian Gulf, the Mediterranean Sea, the Black sea, and the Caspian Sea. According to *Harpers Bible Dictionary,* this is the place where Noah, his family, and all the living creatures, in whom was the breath of life, disembarked from the ark, and began to replenish the world with life.

Mount Ararat is a snow-capped and dormant compound volcano in the extreme east of Turkey. It consists of two major volcanic cones: Greater Ararat and Little Ararat. Mount Ararat is a polygenic (several eruptions over time of lava layers), compound stratovolcano (a volcano built up of alternate layers of lava and ash). The western volcanic cone, Greater Ararat, is a steep-sided volcanic cone that is larger and higher than the eastern volcanic cone. Greater Ararat is 16,854 feet high and about 16 miles wide at the base. The eastern volcanic cone, Lesser Ararat, is 12,782 feet high and 9.3 miles across.

THE ORIGINAL BEGINNING: GENESIS CHAPTER ONE AND TWO

In Genesis chapters one and two, we read that God created the heavens and the earth, plant kingdom, mineral kingdom, and animal kingdom. He created mankind, male and female, in which he joined together as one male and one female creating marriage. He created all things by His spoken word. He also *spoke* the planetary system into place, including the sun to rule the day and the moon to rule the night. Adam (the first male) and Eve (the first female) were given dominion over everything created by God. He instructed them to go forth and multiply, (populate the earth) and subdue the earth (Genesis 1:28).

God planted a garden eastward in Eden and there He put Adam whom He had formed to tend the garden and keep it (Genesis 2:8). In the garden was the tree of life and the tree of knowledge of good and evil. God instructed Adam that he could eat of every tree of the garden except of the tree of knowledge of good and evil. God told Adam that for the day that thou eat the fruit from the tree of knowledge of good and evil thou shall surely die (Genesis 2:16-17). This was a Spiritual death and not a physical death. This separated man's relationship with God.

FALL OF MAN: GENESIS 3:1-7

One day while in the garden, Eve was tempted by the serpent and did eat of the forbidden fruit. She gave Adam the fruit and he did eat. By eating the fruit, Adam's disobedience made him a sinner and brought sin and death upon himself and all mankind to come. "*Wherefore, as by one man sin entered into the world, and death by sin; and so death passed upon all men, for that all have sinned:"* (Romans 5:12).

WICKEDNESS BROUGHT FORTH GOD'S WRATH: GENESIS 6:1-22

In the days of Noah when God saw that the wickedness of man was great on the earth and that every imagination of the thoughts of his heart was evil. It made God sad and it grieved Him that He had made man. He decided to destroy man, beast, the creeping things and the fowls of the air (Genesis 6:5-7).

Noah found grace in the eyes of the Lord (Genesis 6:8). *"By faith Noah, being warned of God of things not seen as yet, moved with fear, prepared an ark to the saving of his house; by the which he condemned the world, and became heir of the righteousness which is by faith"* (Hebrews 11:7). God instructed Noah on the materials to use and all dimensions to build the ark (Genesis 6:14-16). He also instructed him to bring all animals and other food sources (possibly seeds, fruits and vegetables) for the animals and themselves into the ark (Genesis 6:19-21). When Noah had finished building the ark, all animals and Noah and his family (Noah, his three sons [Shem, Ham, and Japheth] his wife and thy sons' wives) entered the ark and God closed the door (Genesis 7:13-16).

"In the six hundredth year of Noah's life, in the second month, the seventeenth day of the month, the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up, and the windows of heaven were opened. And the rain was upon the earth forty days and forty nights" (Genesis 7:11-12). Noah and his family were in the ark for a total 371 days; that is 1 year and 6 days; and every living thing that creepeth on the earth died.

THE NEW BEGINNING: GENESIS 8:1-22

The ark rested in the seventh month, on the seventeenth day of the month, upon the mountains of Ararat (Genesis 8:4)**.** *"And it came to pass in the six hundredth and first year, in the first month, the first day of the month, the waters were dried up from off the earth: and Noah removed the covering of the ark, and looked, and, behold, the face of the ground was dry"* (Genesis 8:13). *"In the second month on the seven and twentieth day of the month the earth dried"* (Genesis 8:14). Then Noah, his family, and all the living creatures, in whom was the breath of life, came forth from the ark, and began to replenish the earth (Genesis 9:1). Noah remembered God and built an altar unto Him and took every clean beast and every clean fowl and offered burnt offerings on the altar (Genesis 8:20).

THE PROMISE: GENESIS 9:11-17

God made a covenant with Noah that He would never destroy all flesh and the earth by water any more. God set a bow (rainbow) in the clouds as a token of this covenant.

Summary

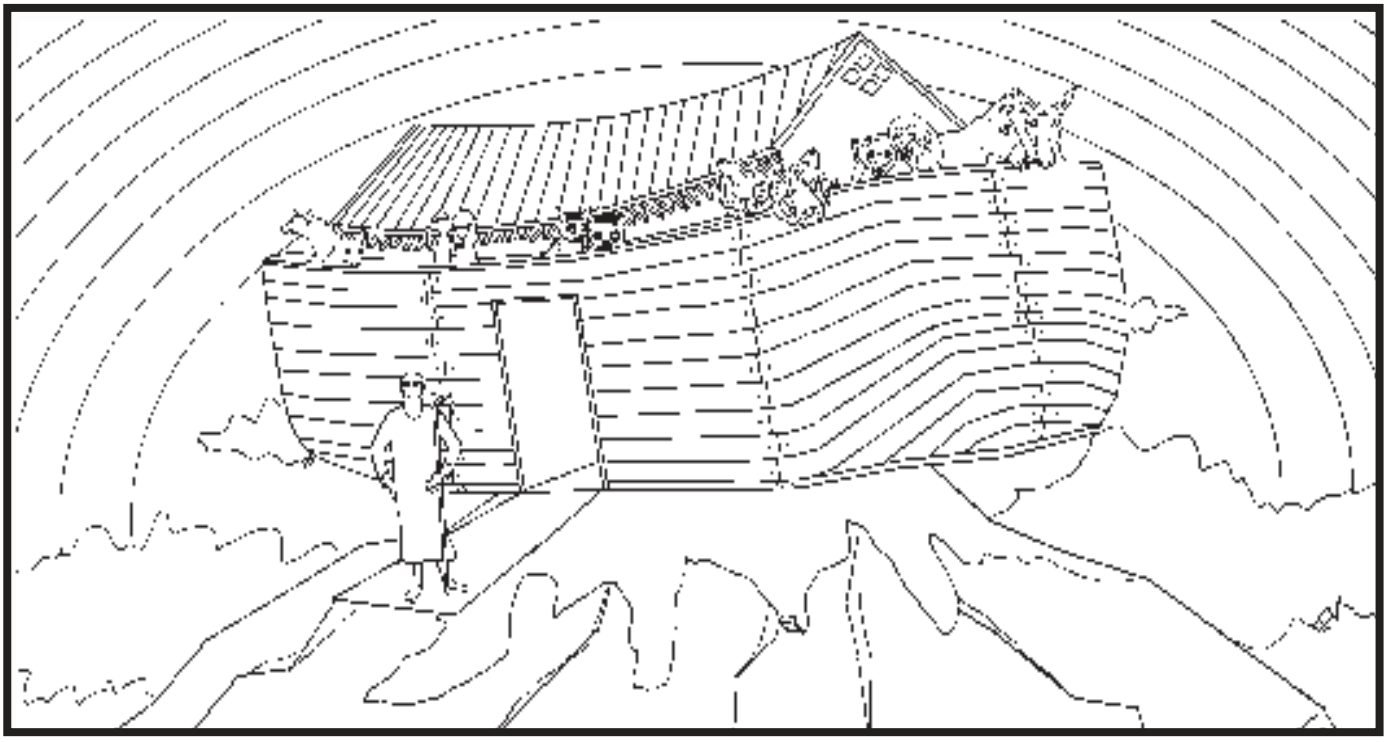
Mount Ararat is important to us because Noah's ark landed here after the great flood and from this new beginning, Jesus Christ would be born

Questions:

1. **Where is Mount Ararat located?**
2. **What happened on Mount Ararat?**
3. **What promise did God Make to Noah and mankind?**

MAP OF ARARAT

COLOR THE PICTURE OF THE ARK ON MOUNT ARARAT AFTER THE FLOOD.



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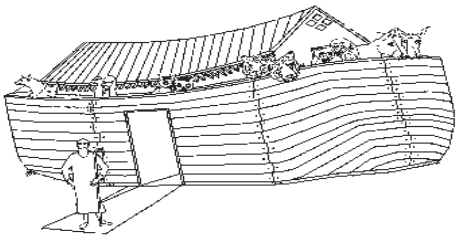


FINISH

FOLLOW THE MAZE TO GET THE ARK TO MOUNT ARARAT

Lesson Two: MOUNT MORIAH

Written By: Sister Shirley Price and Sister Carletta Price

BACKGROUND: 2 Chr. 3:1; Gen. 21:1-5; Heb. 11:17-19; 1 Peter 5:6-9

LESSON TEXT: Genesis 22:1-9

DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION:

There are four notable events that took place in the Land of Moriah. They are: The test of Abraham's Faith; The purchase of Oman's Thrashing floor by David; The building of the Temple by Solomon; and the Crucifixion of Jesus Christ. In the "Land of Moriah" there is a Mountain with several peaks, called by different names; for example; Mount Zion, Mount of Olives, Mount Calvary, and Mount Moriah.

Mount Moriah is the name of the elongated north-south stretch of land lying between Kidron Valley and Hagai Valley between Mount Zion to the west and Mount Olives to the east.

ABRAHAM'S FAITH TESTED:

Mount Moriah was the mountain on which Abraham offered Isaac as a sacrifice (Genesis 22:1-2). It was not until Abraham was a hundred years old and Sarah was ninety, that Sarah gave birth to a son named Isaac (Genesis 21:5). Abraham loved Isaac very much. One day God instructed Abraham to take Isaac up to Mount Moriah to offer him up as a sacrifice. Even though he loved Isaac, he loved and trusted God. His faith was great, and he knew that God would provide what was needed for the sacrifice. When they reached the mountain, Abraham laid the wood upon Isaac, took the fire and a knife and traveled to the top. When they came to the place which God had told him of, Abraham built an altar, laid the wood in order, bound his son Isaac and laid him on the altar upon the wood. Abraham stretched forth his hand and took the knife to slay his son. Then an angel of the Lord spoke to Abraham and told him to not lay a hand upon Isaac. God knew that Abraham loved and trusted Him and that he was willing to give up his only son. When Abraham looked up he saw a ram caught in a thicket by his horns. Abraham took the ram and offered it up in place of his only son. Abraham was obedient and faithful to God.

DAVID PURCHASES ORNAN THE JEBUSITE'S THRESHING FLOOR:

Satan provoked David to number Israel (1 Chronicles 21:1). David told Joab to number Israel (1 Chronicles 21:2). God was displeased with David for having his men numbered (1 Chronicles 21:7). David's power and glory had made him forget that his success was from God and not from anything that his subjects had done. God gave David three choices as punishment for his behavior: three years' famine, or three months to be destroyed before thy enemies, or else three days of pestilence in the land and the angel of the Lord destroying throughout all the coasts of Israel (1 Chronicles 21:10-12). David chose the pestilence. So, the Lord sent the pestilence upon Israel and destroyed 70,000 men. Then David and the elders of Israel fell upon their faces and repented. David asked God to punish him instead of his people since he was the one that sinned. The angel of the Lord instructed David to set up an altar in the threshing floor owned by Ornan the Jebusite. David bought Ornan the Jebusite's threshing floor for 600 shekels of gold (1 Chronicles Chapter 21:18-25). He built an altar to the Lord and presented burnt offerings and peace offerings, and called upon the Lord. God stopped the pestilence against David and Israel.

SOLOMON BUILDS A TEMPLE ON MOUNT MORIAH:

Solomon built the house of the Lord in Jerusalem on Mount Moriah where the Lord appeared unto David his father, in the place that David had prepared in the threshing floor of Ornan the Jebusite (2 Chronicles Chapter 3:1). When the house of the Lord was finished, Solomon brought all the things that David, his father, had dedicated, and the silver and gold, and all the instruments he brought into the house (2 Chronicles 5:1). Here is where the Ark of the Covenant and all the holy vessels were placed after the Temple was completed (2 Chronicles 5:5).

Summary

The events that took place on Mount Moriah represents faith and trust in God. God provides all our needs when we have faith and trust in Him.

QUESTIONS:

1. **Where is Mount Moriah located?**
2. **What happened on Mount Moriah?**
3. **Who built a temple on Mount Moriah?**

MAP OF MORIAH:

COLOR THE MOUNT MORIAH SCENE

FIND THE LISTED WORDS WITHIN THIS WORD SEARCH PUZZLE

MORIAH
ABRAHAM
ISAAC
SACRIFICE
FAITH
SOLOMAN
TEMPLE
DAVID
ALTAR

W	S	O	L	O	M	A	N	W	R	C	J
Y	F	X	P	W	S	D	Y	C	A	B	S
G	M	Q	Y	R	A	X	Z	Q	T	Y	L
X	A	F	J	G	C	H	K	N	L	N	X
Z	H	P	Q	V	R	H	T	I	A	F	P
T	A	R	S	V	I	W	Z	X	Z	Q	Y
E	R	Q	J	H	F	G	D	A	V	I	D
M	B	B	D	X	I	Z	Q	G	H	Y	P
P	A	F	G	K	C	A	A	S	I	Z	L
L	X	Q	B	V	E	Z	M	N	B	Z	Y
E	Y	W	X	T	V	Q	L	H	G	F	M
W	X	M	O	R	I	A	H	S	T	Q	X

Lesson Three: MOUNT SINAI

Written By: Sister Shirley Price and Sister Carletta Price

BACKGROUND STUDY: Exodus Chapter 3; Chapters 13-34

DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION:

The Sinai Peninsula was a 260 mile long triangle. It is characterized by a mountain range of granite peaks rising up to 8,000 feet above sea level. The two most notable peaks are Sinai and Horeb, sometimes identified as the same place. Sinai also had a 15-mile wide band of sandy dunes reaching south from the Mediterranean Sea; it also had a high plateau of limestone and gravel, and dry steam beds, running 150 miles south of the sand belt.

Mount Sinai is located in the Sinai Peninsula of Egypt. There are also four wilderness areas on this Sinai Peninsula: the Wilderness of Shur, the Wilderness of Sin, the Wilderness of Paran, and the Wilderness of Zin.

MOSES AND THE BURNING BUSH

One day while Moses was on the backside of the desert in the area known as Mount Horeb taking care of the sheep and goats for his father-in-law, Jethro, he saw a burning bush. The angel of the Lord appeared to him out of the burning bush. Amazed that the bush did not burn up, he moved closer to see what was happening. As he came closer, God called out to him from the burning bush, “Moses, Moses!” God told Moses that He had heard the cries of His people in Egypt and had come to free them from Pharaoh. God told Moses that He was sending him to lead His people out of Egypt (Exodus 3:1-10).

THE JOURNEY

Moses led the Israelite people out of Egyptian bondage, crossing the Red Sea and set out from the Desert Sin, traveling from place to place as God commanded. The Israelites were led by God Himself to Mount Sinai where He appeared by day as a pillar of cloud and by night a pillar of fire (Exodus 13:21). While traveling from place to place in the wilderness the people became angry with Moses because they were thirsty and had no water. Moses cried out to God. God told Moses to assemble the congregation in front of the rock at Mount Horeb and to strike the rock and water would come out for the people to drink. When Moses struck the rock, water flowed out for the people and the livestock to drink (Exodus 17:1-7). The Israelite people would wonder forty years in wilderness.

THE LAW

God called unto Moses out of the mountain and told him to tell the children of Israel that if they would obey Him and keep His covenant, then they would be His peculiar people above all people. He revealed His plan to make these people into a kingdom of priests and a holy nation (Exodus 19:5-6). On Mount Sinai God gave Moses the laws. Hence the laws from God to Moses were: The Moral Law (standards of right and wrong in the eyes of God), The Civil Law (to regulate society when dealing with each other), and The Ceremonial Law (a system of worship which expresses the relationship to God and reverence for Him).

God first spoke audibly and the people heard His voice. The instructions were precise and the preparation was extensive (Exodus 19:10-15). The presence of God came down upon Mount Sinai, and the mountain was smoking, as a furnace of fire, and quaked greatly while the Lord was on top of the mountain with Moses (Exodus 19:16-20). The people were afraid and asked Moses to speak to them and let God not speak to them because they feared they would die (Exodus 20:18-20).

GOD GIVES MOSES THE TEN COMMANDMENTS: EXODUS 20:1-17; EXODUS 24:12; EXODUS 31:18; EXODUS 32:19; EXODUS 34:1

God called Moses to Mount Sinai where God wrote the Ten Commandments with His finger (Exodus 31:18). Moses was with God on Mount Sinai for forty days. While Moses was upon Mount Sinai with God the people had Aaron to make a golden calf to worship. God saw what the people were doing and sent Moses down to the people because they had corrupted themselves by making a false God to worship. When Moses came nigh unto the camp and saw the golden calf and the people dancing, he became angry and cast down the Ten Commandments braking the tablets (Exodus 32:19). Later God called Moses to return to Mount Sinai with two hewed tablets where he gave him the commandments like the words written in the first set that Moses had broken in anger. *"And the LORD said unto Moses, Hew thee two tables of stone like unto the first: and I will write upon these tables the words that were in the first tables, which thou brakest"* (Exodus 34:1).

GOD INSTRUCTS THE BUILDING OF THE TABERNACLE IN THE WILDERNESS:

God wanted to dwell among His people, so He met with Moses on Mount Sinai and gave him the instructions on offerings to collect from the people and the instructions for building of the Tabernacle in the Wilderness (Exodus 25:1-2). Exodus Chapters 25, 26, and 27 deals with all instructions on building the Tabernacle.

GOD GIVES MOSES INSTRUCTIONS ON THE PRIESTS AND THEIR GARMENTS (EXODUS CHAPTERS 28 AND 29).

God gave Moses instructions on who the priest would be, their jobs, their garments, and instructions on how to conduct daily sacrifices and the procedure for the Day of Atonement. He instructed them on where each tribe would be camped in relation to the Tabernacle in the Wilderness.

Summary

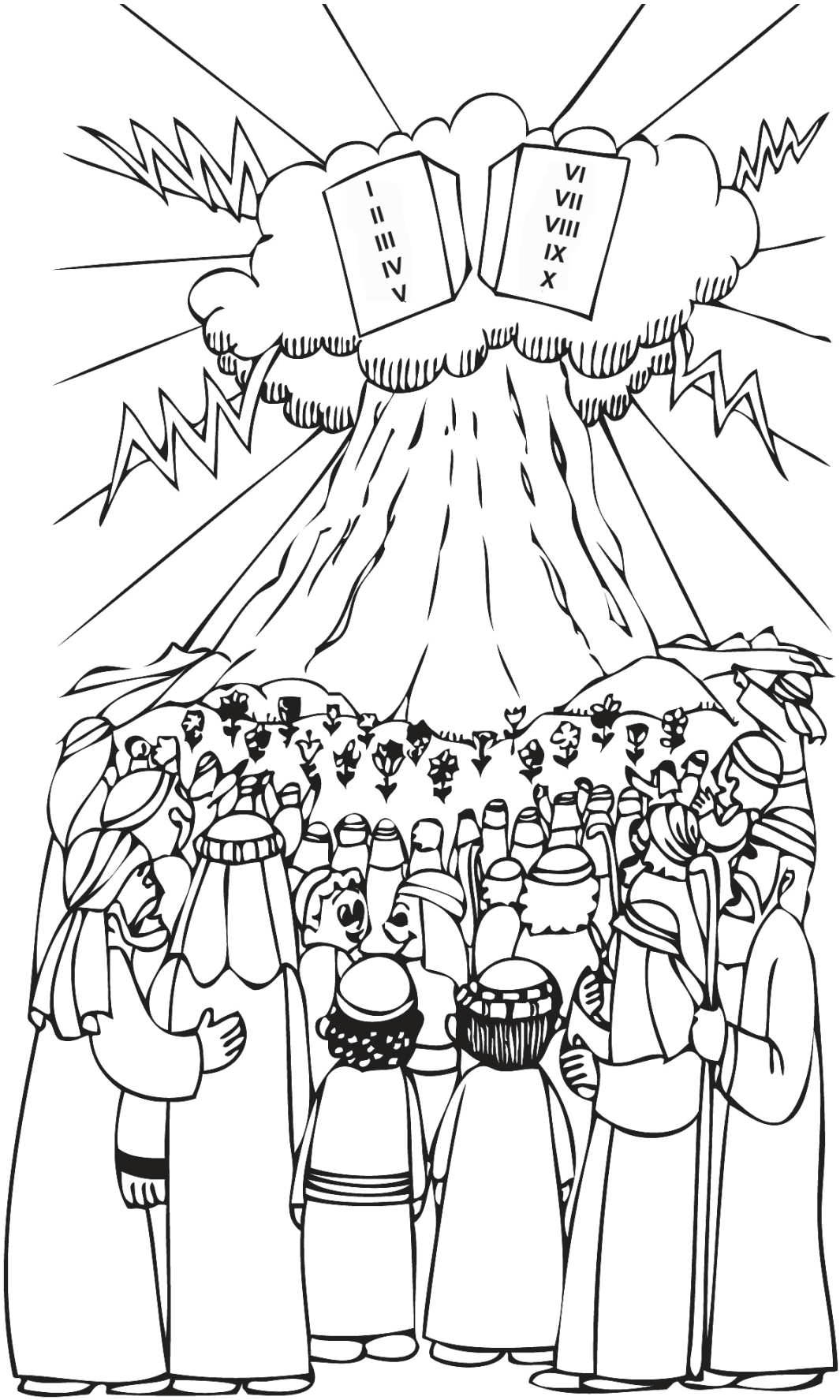
Mount Sinai is a scared place where God gave the Israelites the laws to regulate their conduct and behavior in order to maintain an orderly and peaceful life. In order for people to live in peace there must be personal responsibility and accountability. The first four of the Ten Commandments help us with our relationship with God and the rest covers our relationship with others and encourages moral values.

QUESTIONS

1. **Where is Mount Sinai located?**
2. **What happened on Mount Sinai?**
3. **What was the name of God's law that was written on stone tablets?**

MAP OF SINAI

COLOR THE PICTURE.



Lesson Four: MOUNT CARMEL

Written By: Sister Shirley Price and Sister Carletta Price

BACKGROUND STUDY: I Kings Chapter 18

DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION:

The setting for this lesson is Mount Carmel. Although, called Mount Carmel, it is more like a hilly range that stretches for about 25 miles along the coast of the Mediterranean Sea, between and behind, the modern-day cities of Haifa and Hadera. The highest point of Mt. Carmel is 1791 feet above sea level and is about twenty miles long and eight miles wide. The Valley of Jezreel lies to the immediate Northeast of the mountain range. The brook Kishon is also nearby.

THE CHALLENGE AT MOUNT CARMEL:

The time was that of Ahab, King of Israel. Ahab did more to anger the Lord than all the kings of Israel who preceded him. He married Jezebel, a wicked pagan worshipper who led her husband and his kingdom into the pagan culture (1 Kings 16:28-33). Elijah was the prophet during this time period. God sent Elijah to speak to Ahab. Elijah came before king Ahab and swore in the name of God that rain would cease to fall in the entire region until he would revoke it (1 Kings 17:1). A terrible drought raged in the region because Ahab and most of the people worshipped idol gods, Baal and Asherah. Three years had passed and God spoke again to Elijah. He instructed him to go talk to Ahab again. The drought was so bad that Ahab and Obadiah, Ahab's chief of staff, were out looking for grass for the animals. Ahab went one way and Obadiah went another way in search of grass. Obadiah was a very righteous man and had hid one hundred prophets of God and taken responsibility for their care. While in search of grass for the animals, Obadiah met Elijah. Elijah told Obadiah to tell Ahab that he had arrived. Obadiah told Ahab that Elijah was looking for him and Ahab made his way toward Elijah. Elijah told Ahab that he had forsaken the commandments of the Lord and followed Baalim. Elijah told Ahab if he wanted any rain to fall he was to gather all the people and the 850 prophets of Baal and Asherah. Ahab conceded since he had no other choice. Only the 450 prophets of Baal made it to the gathering. Elijah proposed that two sacrifices should be brought, and the god who would answer the call by sending fire to consume it would be deemed the true god. The people were excited. The bull for Baal was slaughtered, cut into pieces and laid on the altar. The prophets kept calling on Baal to answer their call, but nothing happened. Finally, it was Elijah's time. He built an altar of twelve stones (representing the twelve tribes of Israel) and dug a trench. After slaughtering the bull, cutting it up and setting it on the firewood, Elijah instructed that four

barrels of water be filled and poured over the sacrifice. He repeated this, three times. The sacrifice was drenched, and the entire trench was filled with water. Elijah prayed and the fire came down and consumed the entire offering, the water, even the stones and the earth of the altar. "*And when all the people saw it, they fell on their faces: and they said, The LORD, he is the God; the LORD, he is the God*" (1 Kings 18:39). Elijah took the 450 prophets of Baal down to Kishon brook and killed them. Elijah told Ahab that he could go now for it was going to rain. A downpour descended down on the land of Israel.

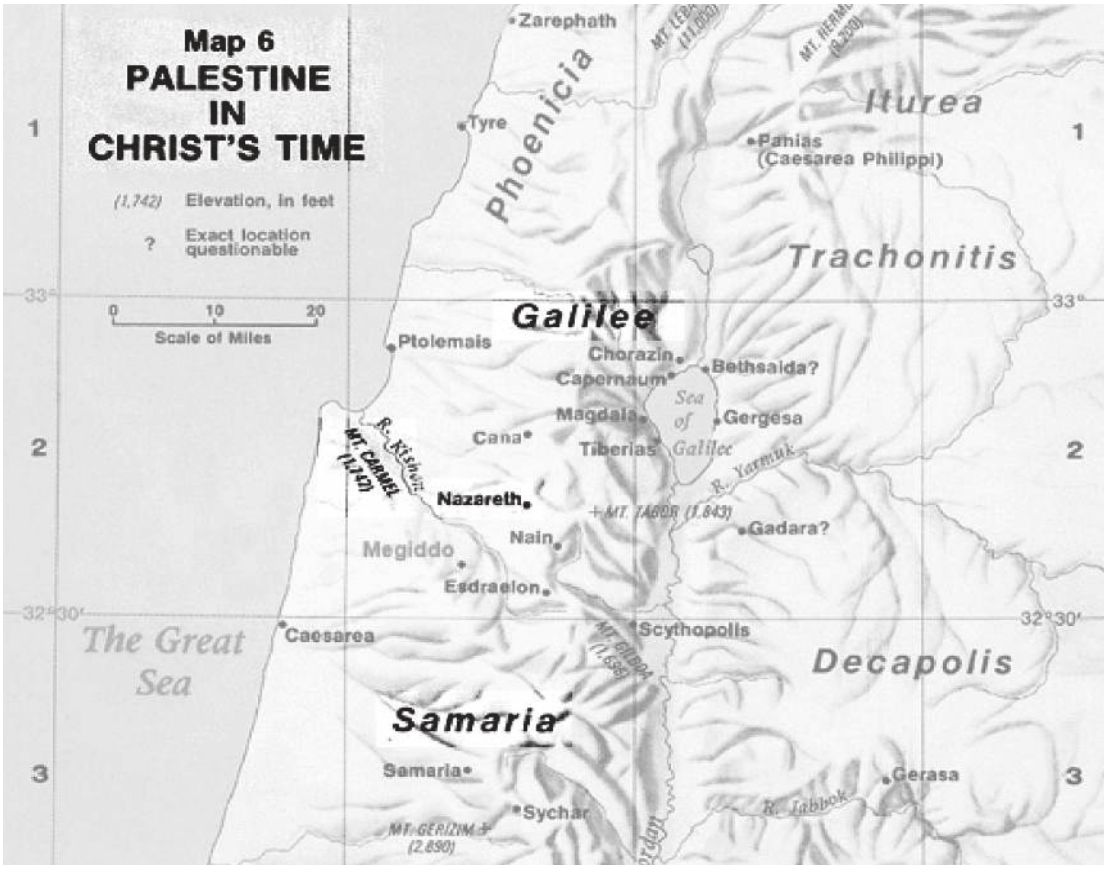
Summary

Elijah was faithful and carried out God's mission in the face of danger and hardship. He rebuked sin in the land during the reign of Ahab and exposed the false prophets and false religions of his days. Elijah's mission on Mount Carmel proved that Baal was a false god and that the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob was the only true God.

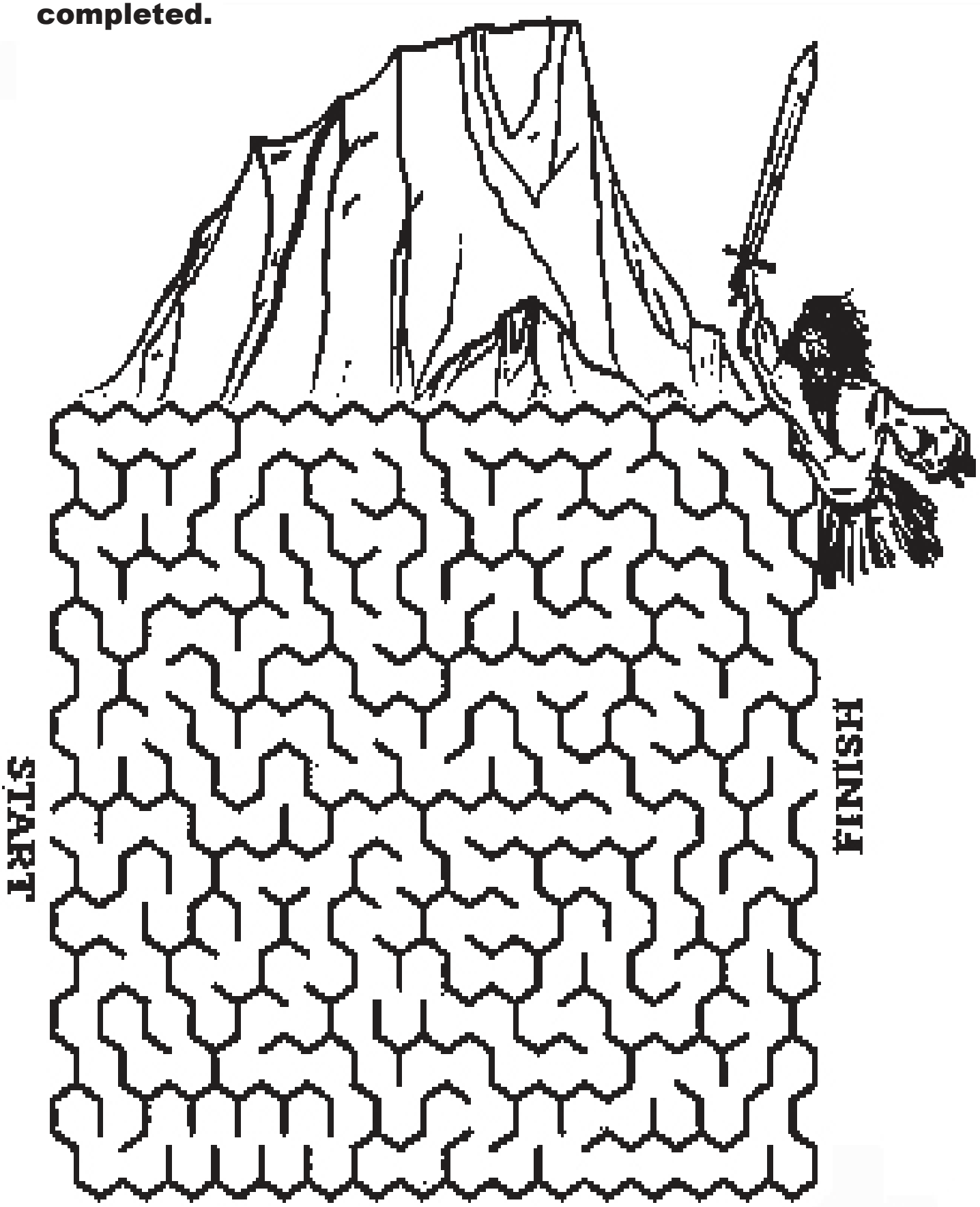
Questions

1. **Where is Mount Carmel located?**
2. **Who was the prophet during this time?**
3. **What event took place on Mount Carmel?**

MAP OF MOUNT CARMEL



Help Lead Elijah to Mount Carmel. Color the picture when completed.



Lesson Five: MOUNT CALVARY

Written By: Sister Shirley Price and Sister Carletta Price

LESSON TEXT: Matthew 27:31-54, Mark 15:20-47, Luke 23:26-56, John 19:16-42

Description and Location:

The exact location also is not known. It was called Golgotha, meaning the place of a skull (Matthew 27:33, Mark 15:22, John 19:17). Also, it was called Calvary (Luke 23:33). Although the Scripture does not call the location a mountain or even a hill, it was evidently an elevated place where the Romans crucified convicted criminals. It was outside the walls of Jerusalem, yet it was near-by.

Golgotha, is a skull-shaped hill in Jerusalem where Jesus was crucified (Matthew 27:33). We also know that there were many hills in Jerusalem, called mounts or mountains. They were part of a chain of mountains in the land of Moriah. Calvary was most likely one of those hills. It is located near a road, because there were passers-by who wagged their heads as they passed (Matthew 27:39). The Gospel of John refers to Golgotha as being very near the city, so near that all who passed by could read the inscription (John 19:20). The inscription read, *"THIS IS JESUS THE KING OF THE JEWS"* (Matthew 27:37). In the place where Christ was crucified there was a garden nearby where he was buried in a new sepulchre (tomb) that had never been used (John 19:41). It's not the year in which Christ was crucified, nor the place where it took place that is important. The fact that Christ was crucified is what is important.

Jesus was accused by the Jews and crucified by the Romans, but it was our sins that nailed Him to the cross. Adam's disobedience in the Garden of Eden, brought sin upon all mankind. The sin of Adam was charged to the account of every person (Romans 5:12). When Jesus Christ died on the cross, was buried, and arose on the third day, He made it possible for every person to have eternal life through salvation (Romans 5:17-19).

Before Jesus reached Mount Calvary, He had already suffered the most awful treatment that a human being had ever suffered. He was beaten, whipped, and a crown of thorns was placed on His head (Mark 15:15-17). He was

insulted, made fun of and spit on (Mark 15:19-20). He was forced to carry His own cross to His execution even though He was exhausted, and the Roman soldiers continued to whip Him. Due to complete exhaustion, a man named Simon of Cyrene was forced to carry the cross for Jesus (Mark 15:21). When He arrived at Calvary, the Roman soldiers nailed His hands and feet to the cross. Later, His side would be pierced. Even while hanging on the cross, Jesus continued to be insulted, mocked, and the soldiers divided His clothes and cast lots to see what each would get (Mark 15:24).

Even while he suffered great bodily pain and the fight for breath, He showed great love and compassion for others while on the cross. He asked the Father to forgive the executioners and all the Romans and Jews that were tormenting Him. Jesus said, *"Father, forgive them; for they know not what they do"* (Luke 23:34). Jesus was crucified on the cross at Calvary between two thieves, one on the right and one on the left (Matthew 27:38). One of the thieves on the cross mocked Jesus. The second thief tells the first thief that we deserve what we get, but Jesus is innocent. The second thief asked Jesus to remember Him when He comes into His kingdom (Luke 23:39-42). Jesus assured him that today he would be with Him in paradise (Luke 23:43). While dying on the cross, He shows great compassion for His mother by making sure she was taken care of (John 19:26-27).

Extraordinary events marked the death of Jesus. The sky was completely dark for three hours as Jesus hung on the cross (Matthew 27:45). At the moment He took His last breath, the earth shook, the temple curtains split from top to bottom, and the tombs of saints opened and their bodies raised from the dead (Matthew 27:50-53).

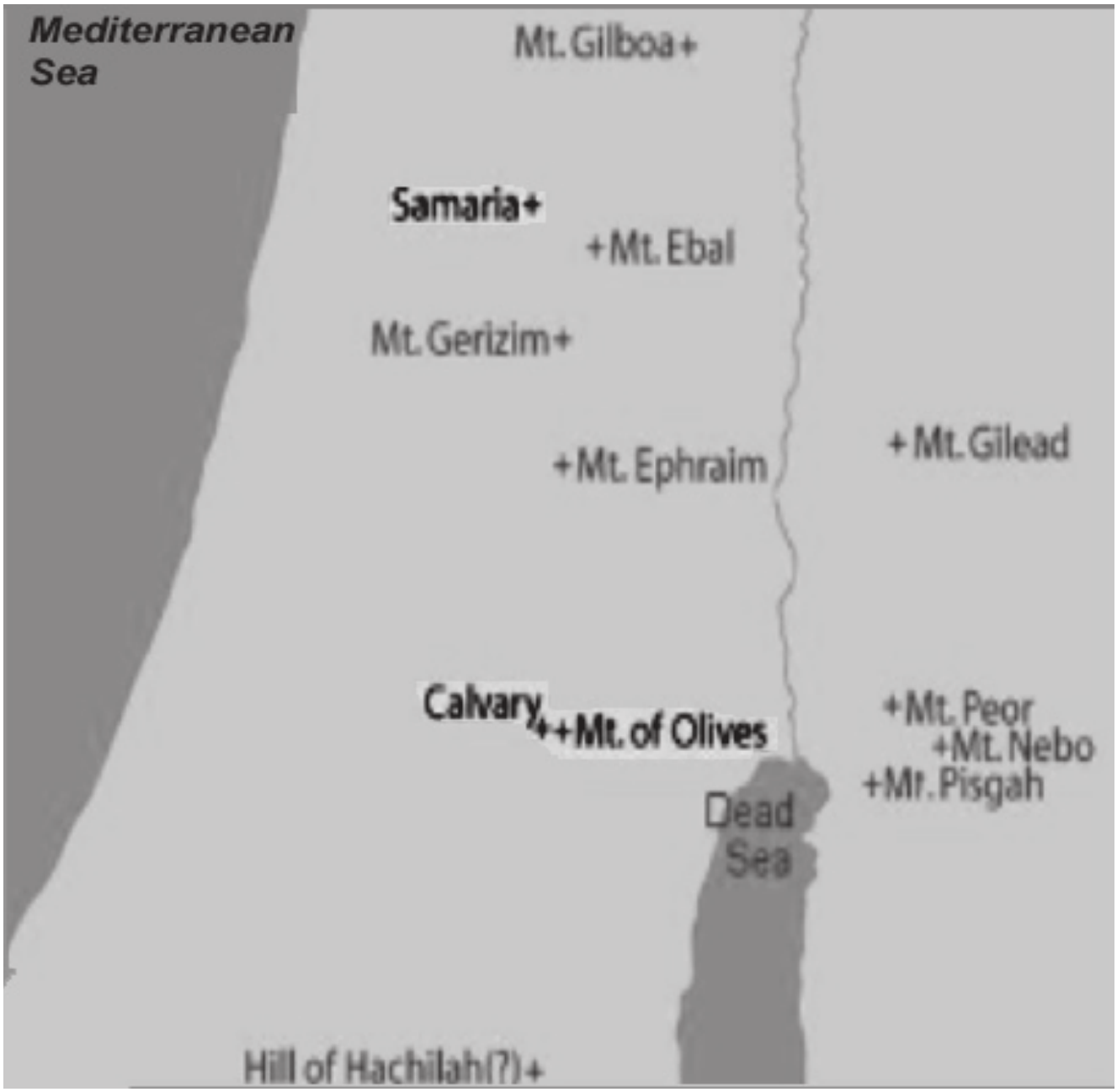
Summary

The death of Jesus on the cross marked the most significant event to ever take place on Mount Calvary. "*Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends"* (John 15:13). Jesus' dying on the cross is the only way we are able to establish a relationship with God the Father because our sins separated us from God. *"For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life"* (John 3:16). Salvation is not possible without Jesus' death and resurrection. *"For Christ also hath once suffered for sins, the just for the unjust, that he might bring us to God, being put to death in the flesh, but quickened by the Spirit:"* (1 Peter 3:18).

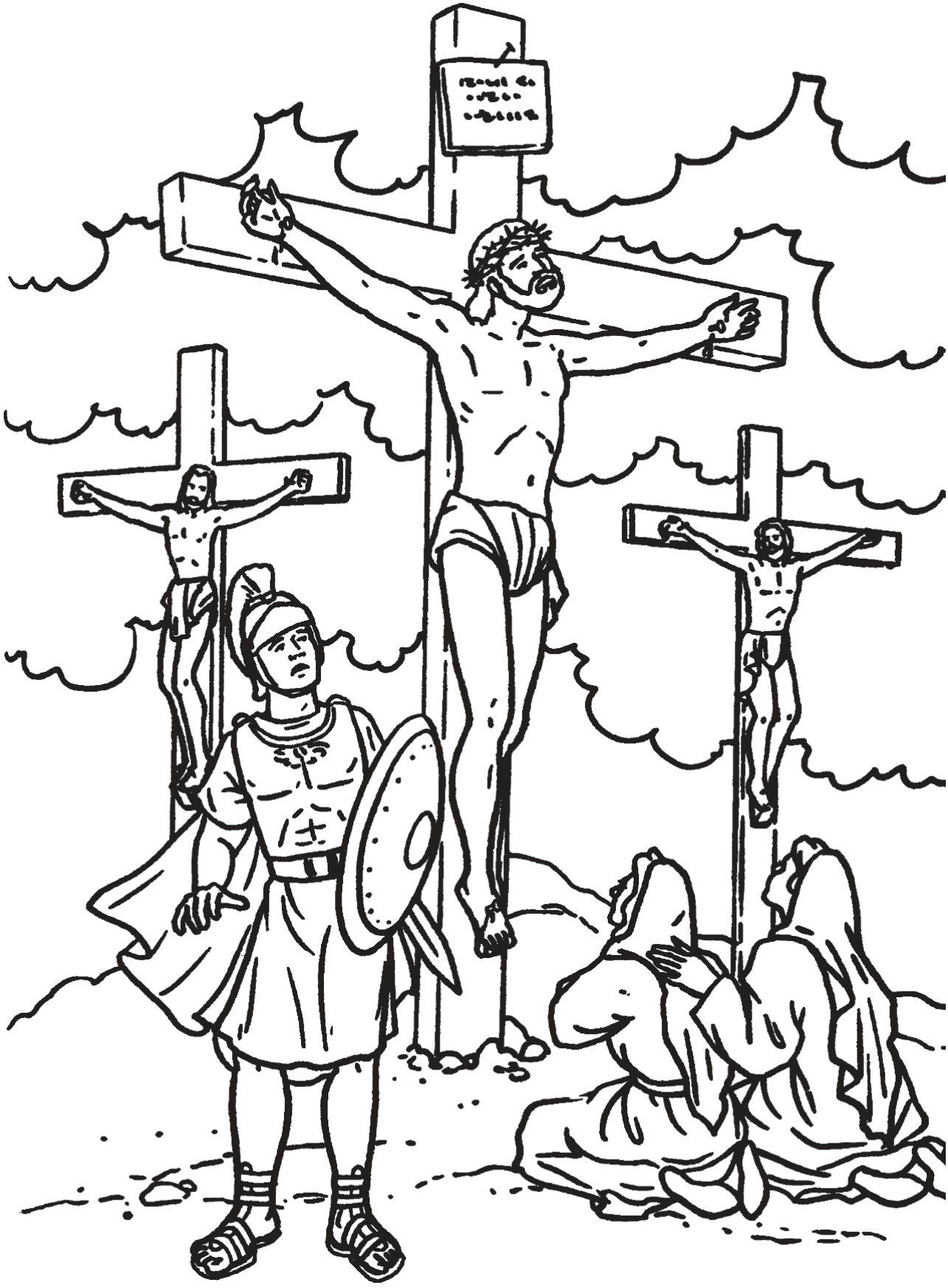
Questions:

1. Where is Mount Calvary located?
2. What is another name for Mount Calvary?
3. What event took place on Mount Calvary?

Map of Mount Calvary



Color the picture. Jesus' dying on the cross is the only way we are able to establish a relationship with God the Father.



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